

Money Management Planner

The Money Management Planner is a guide to help you take control of your finances. It will help you determine your net worth, set goals, monitor your cash flow and track expenses. A sound spending and savings plan is the foundation for your long-term financial success.

Examine your past finances to create a plan for all future spending and savings. In other words, a review of your expenses and spending habits will enable you to design a realistic monthly budget. Be prepared to make some changes, if those habits have kept you from achieving your financial goals.

If your expenses exceed your income, call BALANCE to schedule a money management session. One of our professional counselors can help you design a realistic spending and savings plan that will help you get back on track and achieve your financial goals.



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Financial Goals

Your financial goals are specific things you want to do with your money within a certain time period. Short-term goals are accomplished under 1 year, mid-term goals are accomplished within 1 to 5 years, and long-term goals generally take over 5 years to achieve.

	YOUR GOALS	TARGET DATE	TOTAL NEEDED	CURRENT SAVINGS	ADDITIONAL SAVINGS NEEDED	PAY PERIODS Until Target date	SAVINGS NEEDED PER PAY PERIOD	SAVINGS NEEDED PER MONTH
Short-term Goals								
(under 1 year)								
Mid-term								
Goals (1-5 years)								
Long-term Goals								
(over 5 years)								

Net Worth

In order to evaluate your progress as you work toward your goals, you must determine what your overall financial picture looks like today. Your net worth is simply the difference between what you own and what you owe. To make sure you are staying on track, it's a good idea to calculate your assets and liabilities annually. If you conscientiously follow your plan you should see a gradual, steady increase in your net worth.

WHAT YOU OWN	AMOUNT
Checking/Saving Accounts	
Investment Accounts	
Stocks & Bonds	
IRA/401(k)	
Home/Real Estate	
Automobile(s)	
Other Asset(s)	
TOTAL OWNED (A)	

WHAT YOU OWE	AMOUNT
Mortgage	
Credit Cards	
Student Loan(s)	
Auto Loan(s)	
Other Loan(s)	
Income Tax Due	
Other Debt(s)	
TOTAL OWED (B)	

To figure your net worth, subtract the total owed from the total owned:

TOTAL OWNED (A)	TOTAL OWED (B)	NET WORTH
	_	=

Essential Expenses

Household expenses are categorized into essential and discretionary. Since many expenses are variable, such as utilities and groceries, it is important to average these expenses. Other expenses are periodic (such as insurance or vehicle registration). Again, calculate the annual amount and divide by 12.

CATEGORY	EXPENSE	AVERAGE PER MONTH	GOAL PER MONTH
	Rent/Mortgage		
	2nd Mortgage/Equity Line		
	Homeowner's/Renter's Insurance		
	Condo Fees/HOA Dues		
Housing	Home Maintenance/Monitored Alarm		
	Lawn/Garden/Pool		
	Gas/Electric		
	Water/Sewer/Garbage		
	Internet/Cable/Satellite		
	Landline/Cell Phone		
Food	Groceries/Household Items		
rood	At Work/School		
Insurance	Health/Dental/Vision		
(exclude payroll deducted amounts)	Life/Disability		
	Doctor/Chiropractor		
Medical Care	Optometrist/Lenses		
(exclude payroll deducted amounts)	Dentist/Orthodontist		
	Prescriptions		
	Vehicle Payment #1		
	Vehicle Payment #2		
	Auto Insurance		
Transportation (exclude payroll deducted amounts)	Registration		
	Gasoline/Oil		
	Maintenance/Repairs		
	Public Transportation/Tolls/Parking		
Child Care	Daycare		
(exclude payroll deducted amounts)	Child Support/Alimony		
Miscellaneous	Banking Fees		
555114115546	Union Dues		
Income Taxes	Federal/State Tax Repayment		
modific faxoo	Estimated Tax Payments (Self-Employed)		
Savings	Emergency		
	Goals		
TOTAL ESSENTIAL EXPENSES			

Discretionary Expenses

CATEGORY	EXPENSE	AVERAGE PER MONTH	GOAL PER MONTH
	Beauty/Barber		
Personal	Clothing/Jewelry		
Personal	Laundry		
	Cosmetics/Manicure		
	Movies/Concerts/Theater		
	Books/Magazines		
	CD/DVD		
Entertainment	Dining Out		
	Sports/Hobbies		
	Vacation/Travel		
	Other		
	Tuition/Lessons		
	Pet Care		
	Postage		
Missallansaus	Holiday/Birthday/Gifts		
Miscellaneous	Cigarettes/Alcohol		
	Charity/Religious Contributions		
	Other		
	Other		
TOTAL DISCRETIONARY EXPENSES			

Monthly Income

Enter your gross and net (after taxes) income from all sources. For income received infrequently, such as bonuses or tax returns, calculate the annual income, then divide by 12 to find the monthly amount.

SOURCE	YOURS	SPOUSE/PARTNER
Income Source/Employer		
Part-time Employer/Second Job		
Retirement/Pension		
Child Support/Alimony		
Social Security		
Food Stamps		
Unemployment Insurance		
Support from Family/Friends		
Rental Income		
Other Income (variable or periodic)		
TOTAL MONTHLY INCOME		

Unsecured Debt

List all debts (except auto loans and mortgages) along with the name of the creditor, interest rate, total balance owed and the required minimum payment. This includes credit and charge cards, installment loans, personal loans and outstanding medical bills.

	CREDITOR NAME	INTEREST RATE	MONTHLY PAYMENT	BALANCE
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				

Bottom Line

Once you have determined the total of your take-home pay and expenses you are ready to determine your bottom line. Subtract the total of all expenses including debt payments from your net income. If the result is a positive number, you can add the extra money to your savings to reach your goals sooner. If your expenses exceed your income, you'll need to make some adjustments to bring your finances back into balance.

MONTHLY NET INCOME	TOTAL ESSENTIAL EXPENSES	TOTAL DISCRETIONARY EXPENSES	TOTAL DEBT PAYMENT	BALANCE
	_	_	_	=

Tracking Day-to-Day Expenses

If you don't know where your money is going, it's time to start tracking your spending. Different methods of tracking work for different people—some like to save receipts while others prefer to jot down all purchases in a small notebook they carry with them. Remember, tracking is only effective if you count every expense, including the morning newspaper and the 75 cents you put in the office vending machine. Use the sheets on the next two pages to record weekly and monthly spending totals. (We suggest you make copies of the charts so that you can track for longer than one week.)



Weekly Expenses

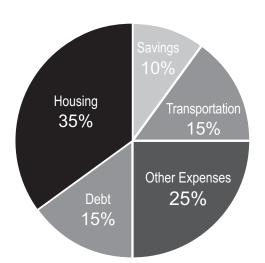
ITEM	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	SUN	TOTAL Expenses	WEEKLY BUDGET	OVER / UNDER
Groceries										
Restaurants										
Laundry/Dry Cleaning										
Medical/Dental										
Auto/Gas/ Parking										
Other Transportation										
Child Care										
Personal Care										
Clothing										
Bank Fees/ Postage										
Entertainment										
Books/Music/ Video										
Cigarettes/ Alcohol										
Gifts/Cards										
Home/Garden										
Church/Charity Contributions										
Other										
Other										
Other										
Other										
Other										
Other										
Other										
WEEKLY EXPENS	E TOTALS									

Notes		

Monthly Expenses

ITEM	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	TOTAL Expenses	MONTHLY BUDGET	OVER / UNDER
Savings								
Groceries								
Restaurants								
Laundry/Dry Cleaning								
Medical/Dental								
Auto/Gas/ Parking								
Other Transportation								
Child Care								
Personal Care								
Clothing								
Bank Fees/ Postage								
Entertainment								
Books/Music/ Video								
Cigarettes/ Alcohol								
Gifts/Cards								
Home/Garden								
Church/Charity Contributions								
Other								
Other								
Other								
Other								
Other								
Other								
Other								
MONTHLY TOTAL	.S							

Notes			



Recommended Budget Guidelines

Housing

Spend no more than 35% of net income on housing. Depending on whether you rent or own, that can include: mortgage/rent, utilities, insurance, taxes, and home maintenance.

Savings

Save at least 10% of income throughout your working life. Make sure you have 3–6 months income in an emergency fund before you start saving for other goals.

Transportation

Spend no more than 15% of net income on transportation. That includes: car payment, auto insurance, tag or license, maintenance, gasoline, and parking.

Debt

Spend no more than 15% of net income on all other consumer debt: student loans, retail installment contracts, credit cards, personal loans, tax debts, and medical debts.

Other

Spend no more than 25% of net income on all other expenses: food, clothing, entertainment, childcare, medical expenses, tithing/charity, and vacations.

Adjust Your Plan

If the amount you are now saving falls short of the amount you need to save to reach your goals, here are some questions to ask yourself:

- Are you paying yourself first by putting away at least 10 percent of your after-tax income?
- Could you increase the amount you're saving by earning more or spending less?
- · Did you set reasonable, achievable goals?
- Could you delay the target date of any of your goals?

You should reevaluate your spending and savings plan annually, or whenever there is a big change in your financial wants and needs. Remember that a budget is simply a priority list—by following it you are ensuring that your money is used to acquire the things, or reach the goals, that are most important to you.





Congressional Federal Credit Union provides financial education and counseling through a partnership with BALANCE. For more information about BALANCE, visit www.balancepro.net, or call 888-456-2227.